



11th ICCRTS COALITION COMMAND AND CONTROL IN THE NETWORKED ERA September 26-28, 2006

Maritime Domain Awareness: The Key to Maritime Security Operational Challenges and Technical Solutions

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maintaining the data needed, and c including suggestions for reducing	ompleting and reviewing the collect this burden, to Washington Headqu ald be aware that notwithstanding an	o average 1 hour per response, inclu- ion of information. Send comments arters Services, Directorate for Infor ny other provision of law, no person	regarding this burden estimate mation Operations and Reports	or any other aspect of th , 1215 Jefferson Davis	nis collection of information, Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington
1. REPORT DATE 2006	2. REPORT TYPE			3. DATES COVERED 00-00-2006 to 00-00-2006	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Maritime Domain Awareness: The Key to Maritime Security Operational Challenges and Technical Solutions				5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
				5b. GRANT NUMBER	
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Space and Naval Warfare Systems Center, San Diego,53560 Hull Street,San Diego,CA,92152				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAIL Approved for publ	ABILITY STATEMENT ic release; distribut	ion unlimited			
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NO The original docum	TES nent contains color i	images.			
14. ABSTRACT					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFIC	17. LIMITATION OF	18. NUMBER	19a. NAME OF		
a. REPORT unclassified	b. ABSTRACT unclassified	c. THIS PAGE unclassified	- ABSTRACT	OF PAGES 60	RESPONSIBLE PERSON

Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188





"Global Maritime Domain Awareness is the first step to an effective end game. Global MDA will allow us to detect, surveill, identify, classify, and interdict vessels of interest. Global MDA gives us the cued intel that will provide the situational awareness and clarity necessary to determine if a vessel is friend or foe."

> Admiral Thomas Collins Commandant, U.S. Coast Guard National Defense University December 1, 2004





"Our goal is to gain increased information sharing and enhanced situational awareness in order to facilitate international cooperation to improve security and cue effective threat responses. Development and fielding of Maritime Domain Awareness tools and applications will be central to this effort."

Admiral Walter Doran Commander, U.S. Pacific Fleet Remarks at "West 2005" February 2, 2005



A Process to Instantiate Maritime Domain Awareness



- The nature of the Maritime Domain Awareness challenge
- Maritime Domain Awareness: laws, policies, and operational concepts
- Functional and technical approaches to instantiating MDA for the total ship force





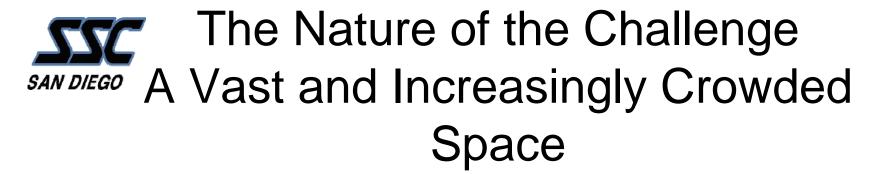
Maritime Domain Awareness: The Nature of the Challenge





"It seems to me that it is in the maritime domain that we have the greatest potential to substantially improve our homeland defense."

> Paul McHale ASD for Homeland Defense December 21, 2004





- Oceans encompass over 140 million square miles
- Maritime trade has increased 220% since 1975
- Over 100,000 ocean-going ships
- Over 10,000,000 fishing vessels and pleasure craft
- Six billion tons of trade carried by sea in 2001
- Bulk of trade–46,000 vessels servicing 4,000 ports
- Oil demand 77 to 120 million barrels by 2025



The Nature of the Challenge Oceans as a Medium for Unlawful Activity



- Terrorism
- Piracy
- Transnational crime
- Illegal immigration
- Drug and Contraband Smuggling
- Transportation of WMD



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The Nature of the Challenge: SAN DIEGO Piracy Increasing — Often Dramatically



- International Maritime
 Bureau: Somali coast one
 of the most dangerous
 stretches of water
- Pirates want more than goods on board ship
- January 2005 March 2006: 45 attempted hijackings and 19 successful ones occurred off Somali coast
- US Navy (CTF 150) now engaged in combating piracy in region





The Nature of the Challenge San Diego Sorting Suspect Vessels From the Rest



- Specific needs differ in community of nations
- All have shared requirement for enhanced MDA
- Pooling resources and sharing a COP are key
- Challenges involve aligning policy & operations





Maritime Domain Awareness: Laws, Policies and Operational Concepts





"The security of the maritime domain is a global issue. The United States, in cooperation with our allies and friends around the world...will work to ensure that lawful private and public activities in the maritime domain are protected against attack and criminal and otherwise unlawful or hostile exploitation."

Fact Sheet
Maritime Security Policy
National Security/Homeland Security
January 13, 2005



Relevant Domestic and International Laws and Policies:



- International Environment: Law and Policies
 - Formulating International Policy Challenging but Not Impossible
- U.S. Domestic Environment: Law and Policies
 - Maritime Security: Key Issue for the United States
 - National Strategy for Maritime Security
 - National Plan to Achieve Maritime Domain Awareness



International Laws and Policies



- 1974 International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS)
- 1982 United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS)
 - Established a set of rules/rights while traversing through various zones of the oceans
- United Nations Security Council Resolution
 - Resolution of September 28, 2001
 - Comprehensive measures combat international terrorism
- International Maritime Organization (IMO)
 - Provides guidelines to gain jurisdiction to intercept pirates at sea
 - Report of May 20, 2002 Oceans and the Law of the Sea
 - Comprehensive report addressing crimes at sea
 - Focuses on attacks on ships in the territorial sea



Domestic Laws and Policies

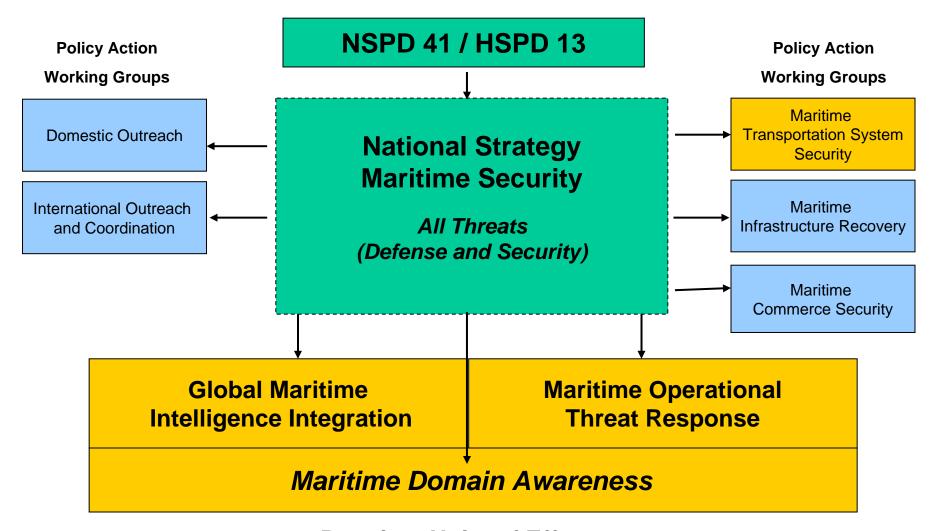


- Maritime Security: Key Issue for the United States
 - The National Strategy for Maritime Security
 - National Plan to Achieve Maritime Domain Awareness
 - DoD Top Priority: Global War on Terrorism Encompasses
 Securing the Maritime
 - DoN Focus: GWOT and Partner in Achieving MDA
 - DHS/USCG Focus: GWOT and Partner in Achieving MDA
- Examples of Current Initiatives In Place
 - Maritime Transportation Security Act 2002
 - Proliferation Security Initiative
 - Container Security Initiative
 - Automatic Identification System



SAN DIEGO Maritime Security Policy and MDA



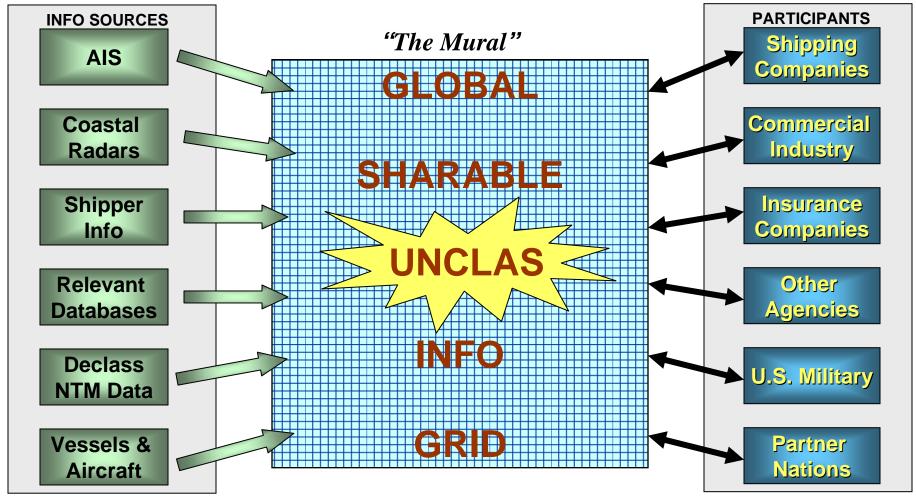


Requires Unity of Effort



Maritime Domain Awareness: Concept of Operations





- Facilitates Spotlighting of Anomalies and COIs
- Operationalizes 1000-Ship Navy
- Builds Trust, Confidence and Cooperation
- Builds Partner Capacity





Maritime Domain Awareness: Functional & Technical Approaches to Solving the Operational Challenge





"The heart of the Maritime Domain Awareness program is accurate information, intelligence, surveillance and reconnaissance of all vessels, cargo and people extending well beyond traditional maritime boundaries."

President George W. Bush Securing the Homeland, Strengthening the Nation January 20, 2002



Technical Approaches to Solving **Operational Challenge**



Functional Component

– "What is it we need to do to achieve MDA?"

Technical Capabilities

– "What tools do we need to achieve MDA?"





Functional Approach to Instantiating Maritime Domain Awareness Across the Integrated Ship Force



Functional Component



"What is it we need to do to achieve MDA?"

- Core competencies
- Repeated iteratively
- Bound the challenging technical trade space
- Provide vehicle for international cooperation



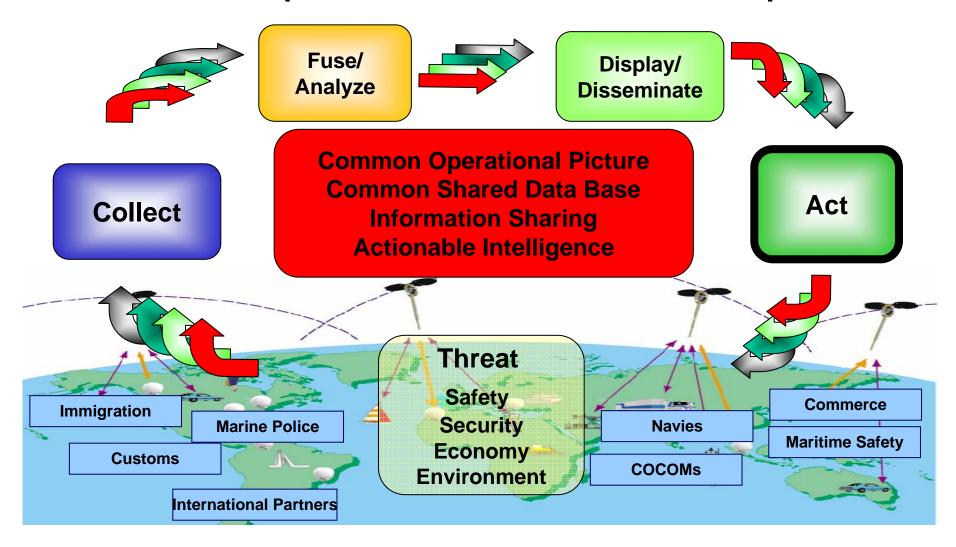


The Operator's or Practitioner's Perspective...



Functional Capabilities The Operational MDA Concept









...Translated to the Technical Perspective



Functional Capabilities



Core Competencies for Maritime Domain

Awareness

Focused Sensing and Data
Acquisition

Dynamic Interoperable Connectivity

Responsive Information Management

Information Assurance

MDA

Distributed
Dynamic Collaboration
Decision Support

Consistent Representation





A Technical Approach to Instantiating Maritime Domain Awareness Across the Integrated Ship Force



Technical Capabilities



"What tools do we need to achieve MDA?"

- Seven core competencies all important
- Some present greater challenges than others
- Focus on the "bookends" FSDA & DDS while not ignoring the others
- If we get those two right we are close to a solution

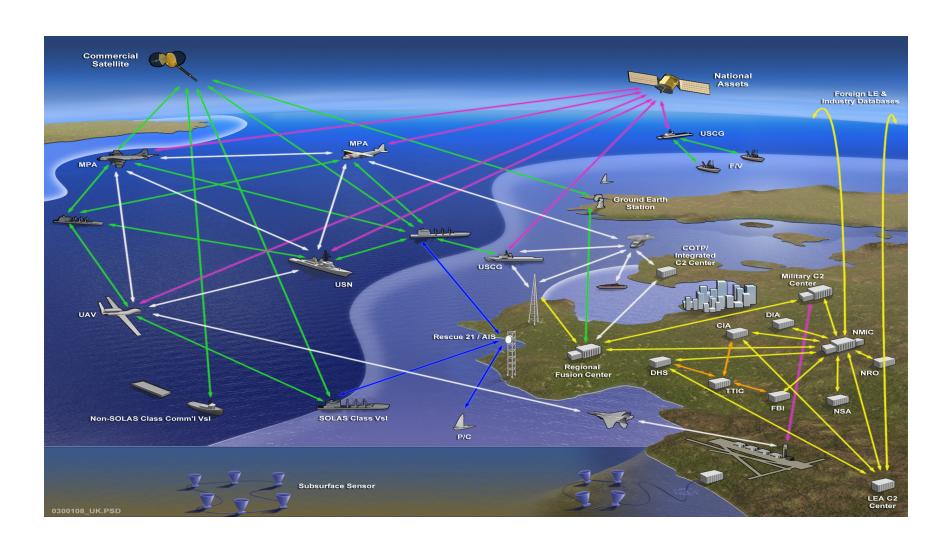




Technical Capabilities: Focused Sensing and Data Acquisition



Technical Capabilities: Focused Sensing and Data Acquisition States Conference Conferen





Technical Capabilities Focused Sensing and Data Acquisition



- Track all vessels all the time
- Understand what the tracks are telling us
- Adapt to normal and expected changes
- Use AIS and models to detect anomalies
- Universe of available sensors is quite large
- Automated sensor fusion a key requirement

Focused Sensing & Data Acquisition Formula Sensing & Data Acquisition Formula Sensition Formula Sensit

- High Seas
- Exclusive Economic Zone
- Territorial Sea and Contiguous Zone
- Ports, Bays, and Inland Waterways

Sensor Activity in Different Zones



SAN DIEGO Overview

Sensor CONOPS follows common paradigm to detect and identify all vessels, resolve anomalies, then take action

Detect

- Wide area surveillance
- Detect vessels by zone, cooperative, emitting and dark

Identify

- Vessel classification and identification to "declutter" the picture
- Declared identification (AIS) or vessel fingerprints (SEI)

Assess Risk

- Vessel history and particulars (ownership, cargo)
- Try to resolve vessels with unknown identification
- Follow-up tasking to ID, collect details, other data

Track

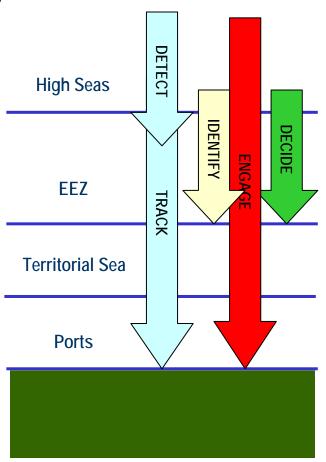
- Maintain a track throughout passage in area of interest
- Correlate and integrate with COP

Detect Anomalies

Alert to threat-like or unusual behavior

Intercept

- Remaining high risk or suspect vessels intercepted
- Boarded, inspected, detained as required







Technologies That Support MDA on the High Seas



Technologies That Support MDA on the High Seas



- Existing Capabilities
 - Satellites and Global Position Tracking devices
 - Long-range Unmanned **Aerial Systems**
 - Automated Identification System (AIS)
 - Advance Notice of Arrival (ANOA) system
- Emerging Technologies
 - Tagging and tracking technologies
 - Automated data mining and data fusion
 - Long range surveillance (MMA-UAS)







Technologies That Support MDA in the Exclusive Economic Zone



Technologies That Support MDA in the EEZ



Existing Capabilities

- Satellite radars
- Over the horizon radars
- Acoustic means to generate contacts
- Vessel reporting systems

Emerging Technologies

- ADS
- DADS
- High-speed manned and unmanned surface and air systems
- Data correlation and data fusion







Technologies That Support MDA in the Territorial Sea and Contiguous Zone



- Immediate threat from unidentified vessels
- Existing Capabilities
 - Patrol boats / vessels / aircraft
 - AIS shore stations
 - Vessel reporting systems
- Emerging technologies
 - ADS
 - DADS
 - Larger naval and Coast Guard vessels (Deepwater)
 - Enhanced data correlation and data fusion







Technologies That Support MDA in Ports, Bays, and Inland Waterways



Technologies That Support MDA Systems Clean Ports, Bays and Inland Waterways

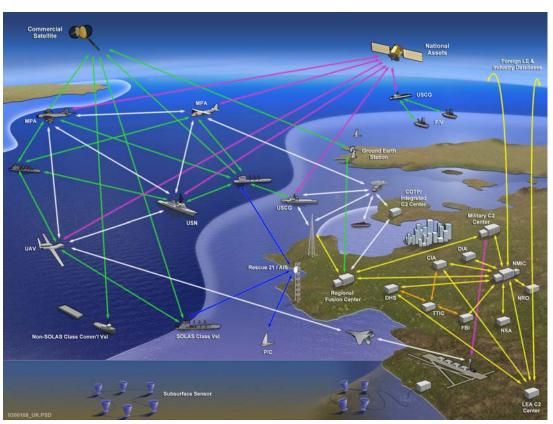
- Most "congested" area
 - Contact-identification and sorting more difficult
- Existing Capabilities:
 - Patrol aircraft
 - Airplanes and helicopters
- Emerging Technologies
 - High-speed data correlation and data fusion
 - Networked surface and air assets (GIG/FORCEnet)
 - Knowledge management





From Seabed to Space ...





Sensors / Collection

 Systems w/ integrated comms/ networking and onboard processing to support automated fusion and cueing and formatting to support Service Oriented Architecture

Correlation

- Algorithms to improve correlation of complex signals
- Automation of correlation functions

Fusion

- All-source fusion to support pattern recognition and anomaly detection
- Supporting Decision-making and deriving <u>meaning</u>, not just volumes of data

... across the zones





Technical Capabilities: Dynamic Decision Support



Technical Capabilities Dynamic Decision Support



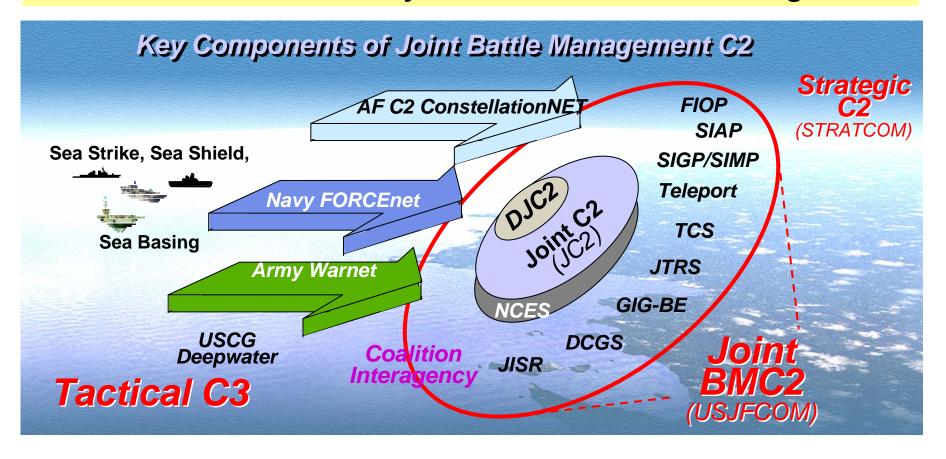
- Backbone is the Global Information Grid
- Maritime Context U.S. Navy FORCEnet
- Initial Design "Composeable FORCEnet"
- "Coalition-friendly" design and operation



Global Information Grid (GIG) Naval Component - FORCEnet



FORCEnet Is an Inherently Joint/Coalition Concept, Both Relying on and Providing Essential Capabilities to the Joint/Coalition Community and Other Services and Agencies





What Is FORCEnet?



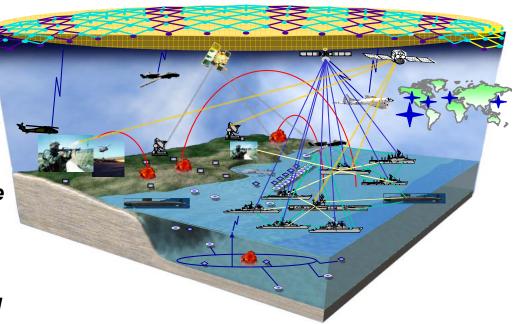
Network Centric Warfare Is the Theory

Net-centric Operations Is the Concept

FORCEnet Is the Process of Making the Theory and Concept a Reality

"FORCEnet is defined as the operational construct and architectural framework for naval warfare in the Information Age, integrating warriors, sensors, command and control, platforms, and weapons in a networked, distributed combat force"

Source - FORCEnet: A Functional Concept for the 21st Century: Naval Network Warfare Command February 2005

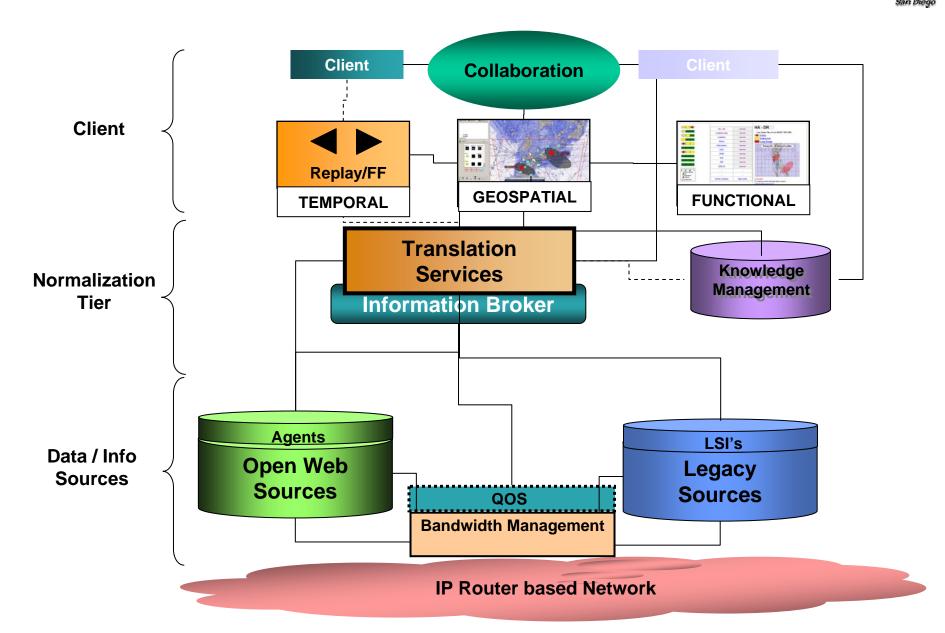


FORCEnet Is Not

- A Program of Record
- A Redundant Effort
- A Box or System
- Just a Network



Composeable FORCEnet Architecture **Maximizes Interoperability**

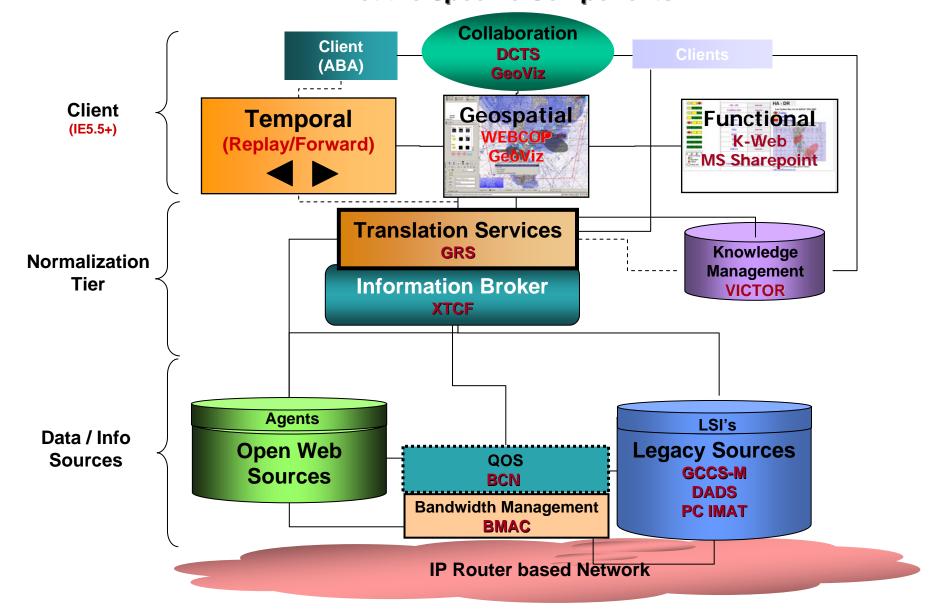




Composeable FORCEnet Architecture

It's about Composeable Functionality - Not the Specific Components

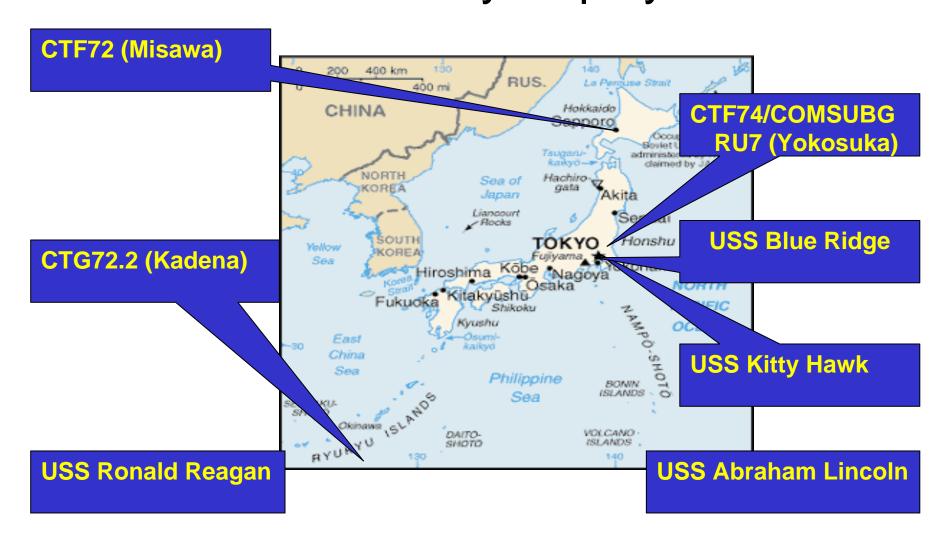






Where Composeable FORCEnet is Currently Deployed

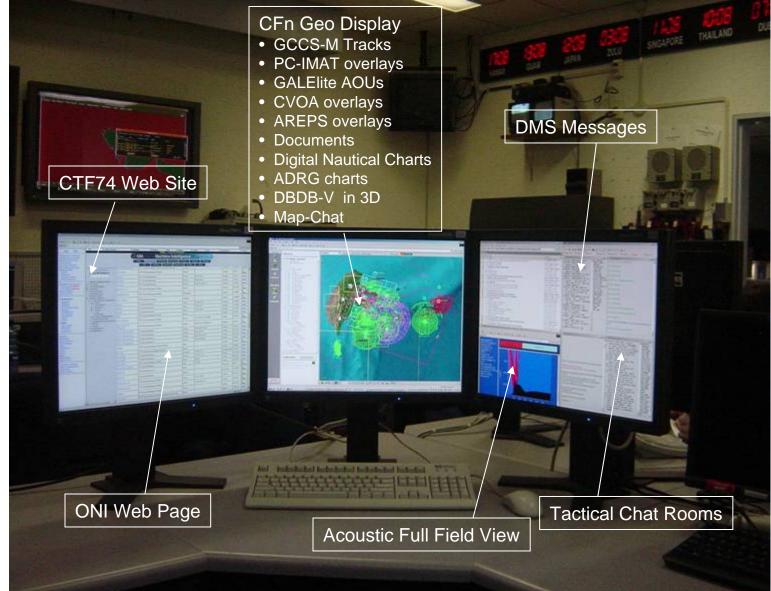






CTF-74 TASW CFn Battle Watch Captain 🔻





CFn Web based C2 provides improved understanding



Summary and Conclusions



- The importance of gaining situational awareness in the maritime domain will increase
- Policy and operational approaches have been fragmented and uncoordinated until now
- Technologies to generate actionable intelligence have not been available *until now*
- These technologies are now available and emerging supported by a C4ISR infrastructure
- Focusing on functional capabilities first will enable optimal technical solutions – start now





BACKUPS





"We will not win the Global War on Terrorism if we cannot tell the bad guys from the good guys. We have to develop the capability to do that. A maritime NORAD is essential."

Admiral Vern Clark
Chief of Naval Operations
Signal Magazine
December 2004





"The IT revolution represents the most significant global transformation since the Industrial Revolution beginning in the mid-18th Century."

National Intelligence Council





"Modern warfare strains the capacity to communicate...the challenge is building a system that ensures that we get the right information to the right place at the right time...."

The Wall Street Journal April 10, 2002



Technical Capabilities: Focused Sensing and Data Acquisition



- Tool: to better use and extract data from existing sensors
- Need: to address/answer several questions:
 - What data structures are being used?
 - How is data registered?
 - Is data discoverable from other sensors?
 - What is pedigree of information?
- Goal: to have autonomous sensors and establish thresholds to alert operator of abnormal activity





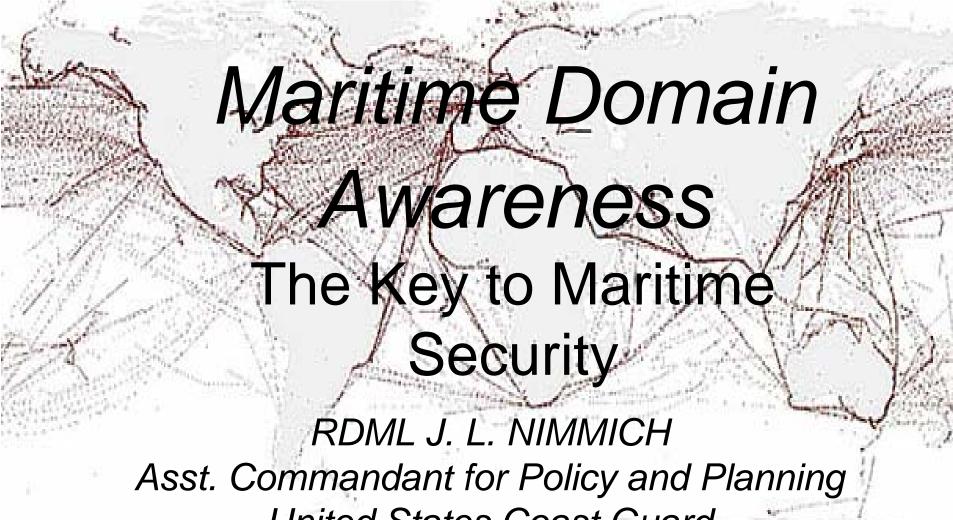
"Ensuring the security of the Maritime Domain must be a global effort in which U.S. Government efforts are developed and furthered with the support of other governments."

> NSPD-41/HSPD-13 December 21, 2004



Naval War College





United States Coast Guard 28 June 2006



National MDA Implementation



